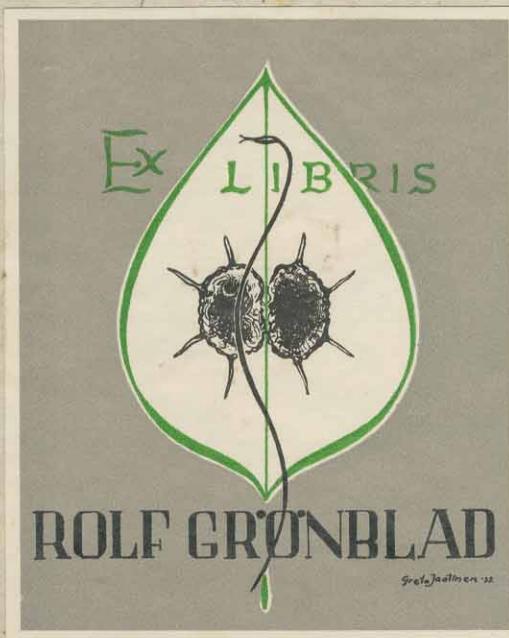
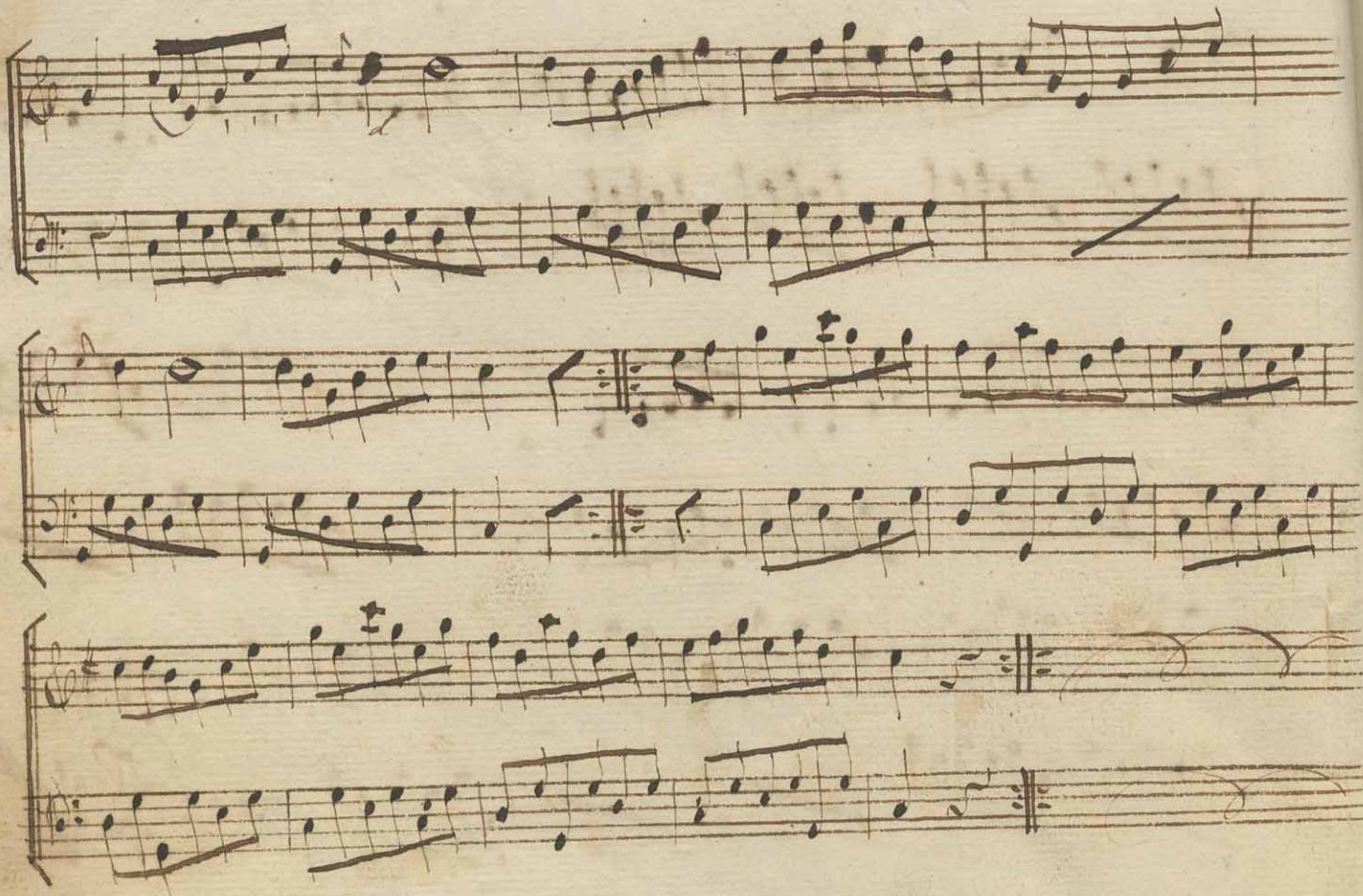


Claver-
Not-Büch.





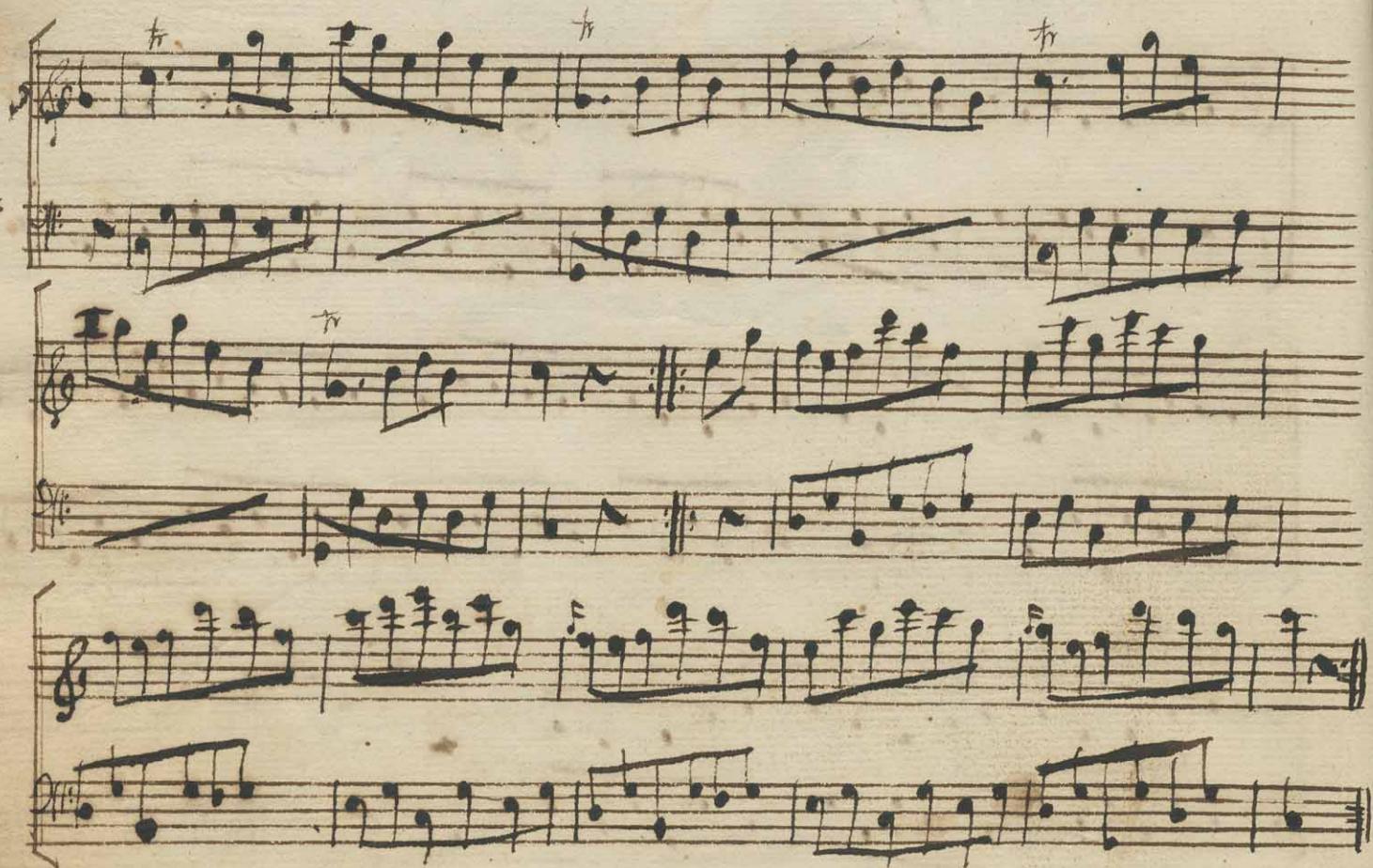
Var. 3.



Variat. 2.



Var: 5-



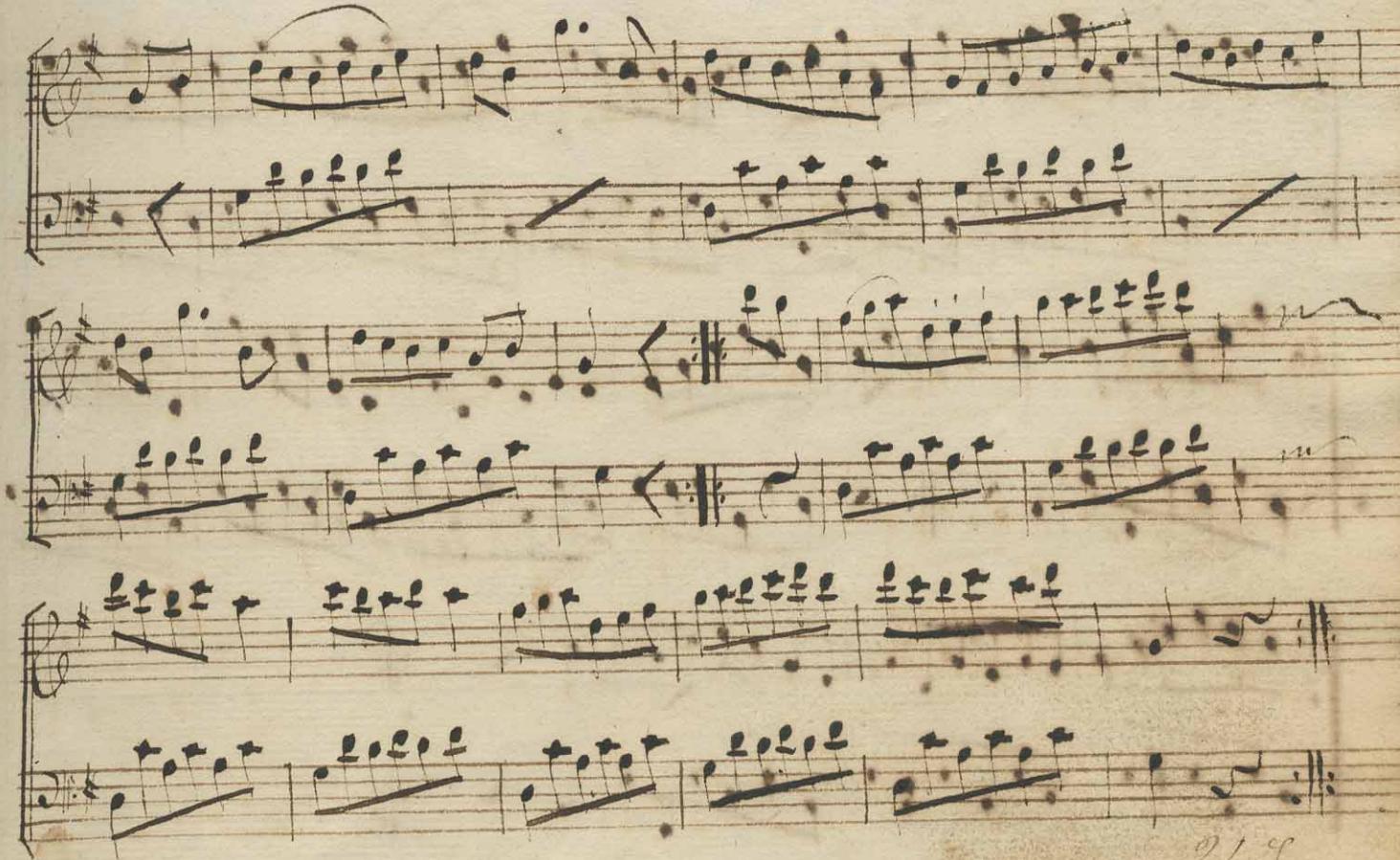
Var: 6 =



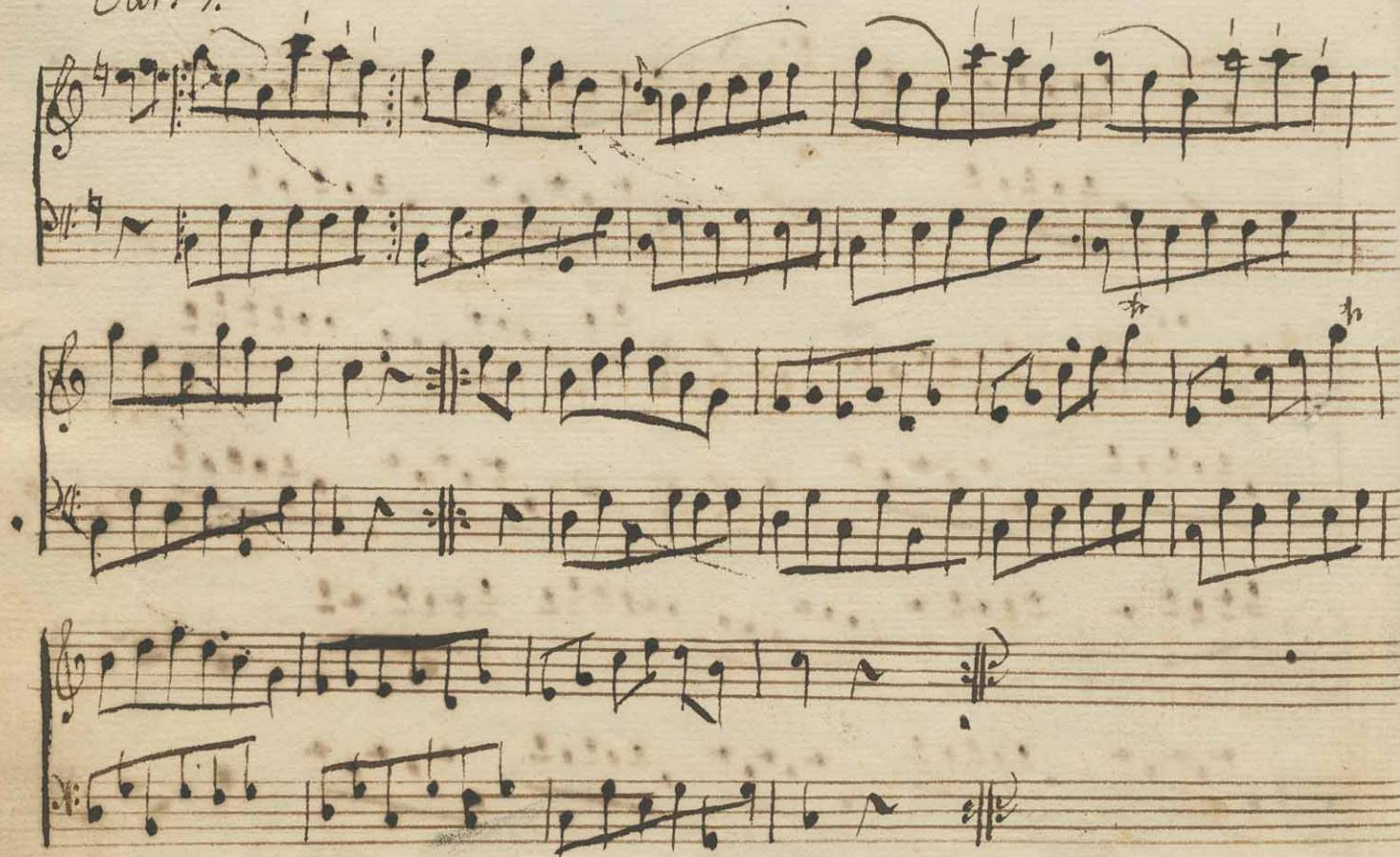
Var. 7



Var. 8.

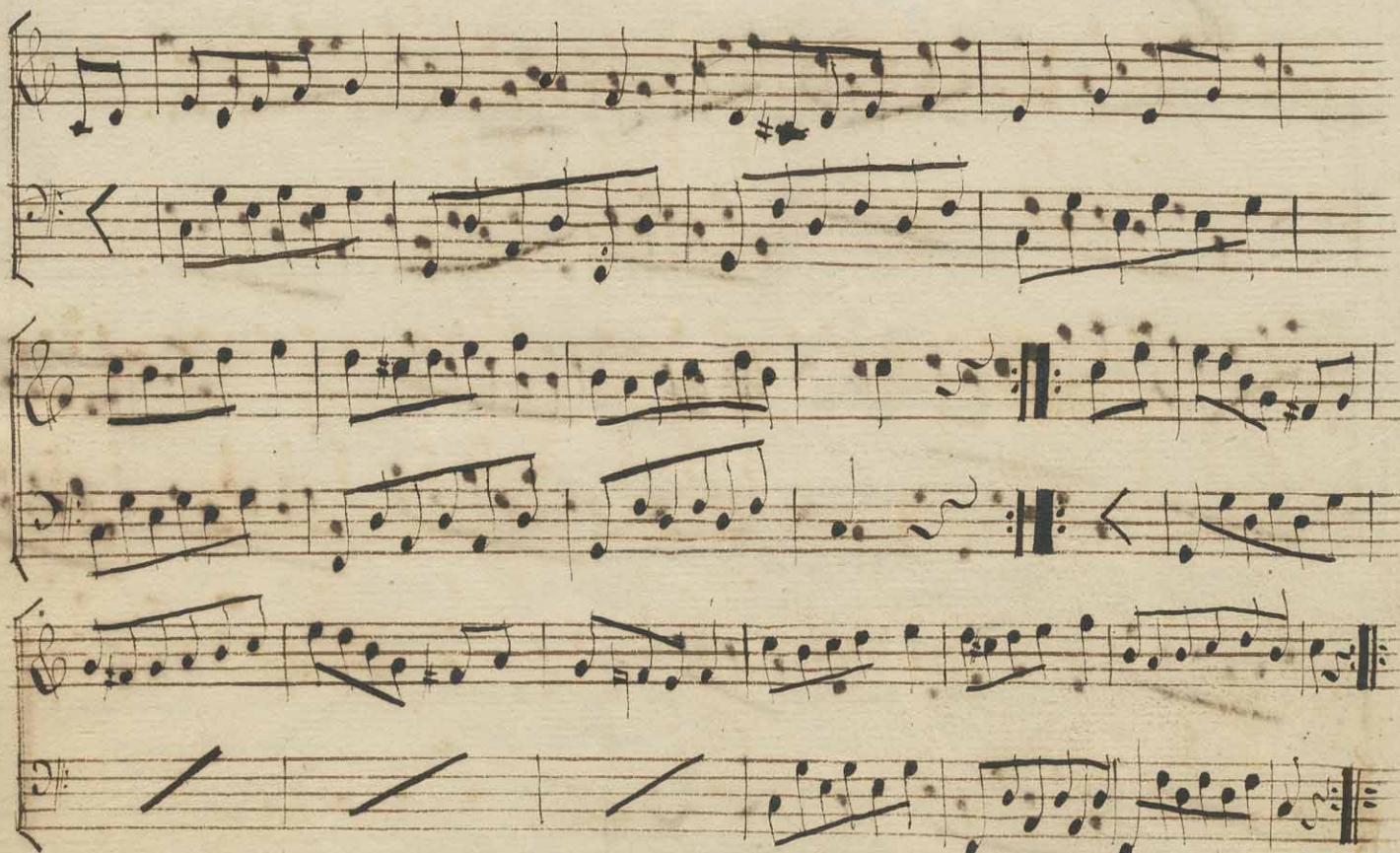


Var. 9.





Var. 11.

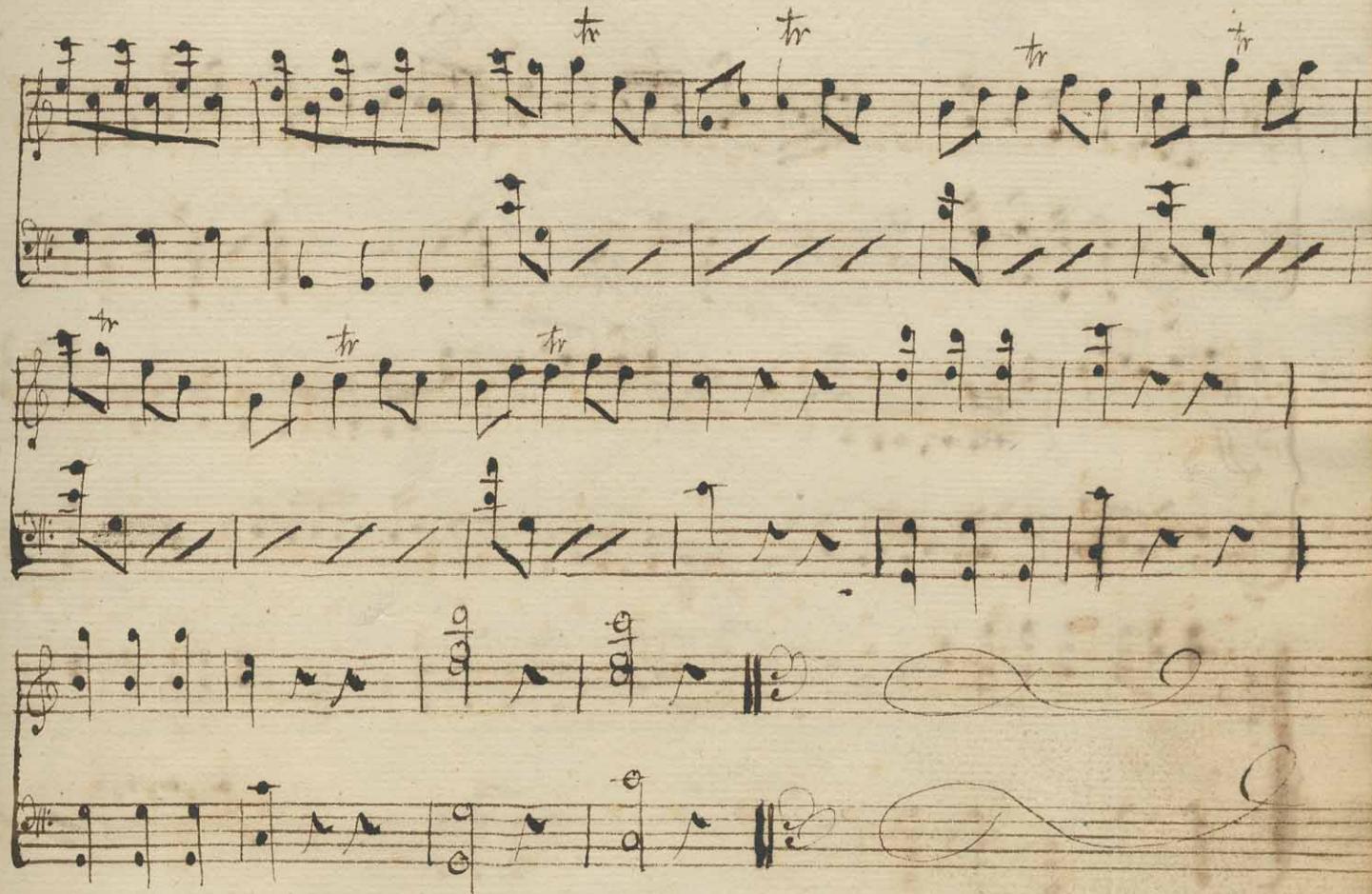


Variat. 12.

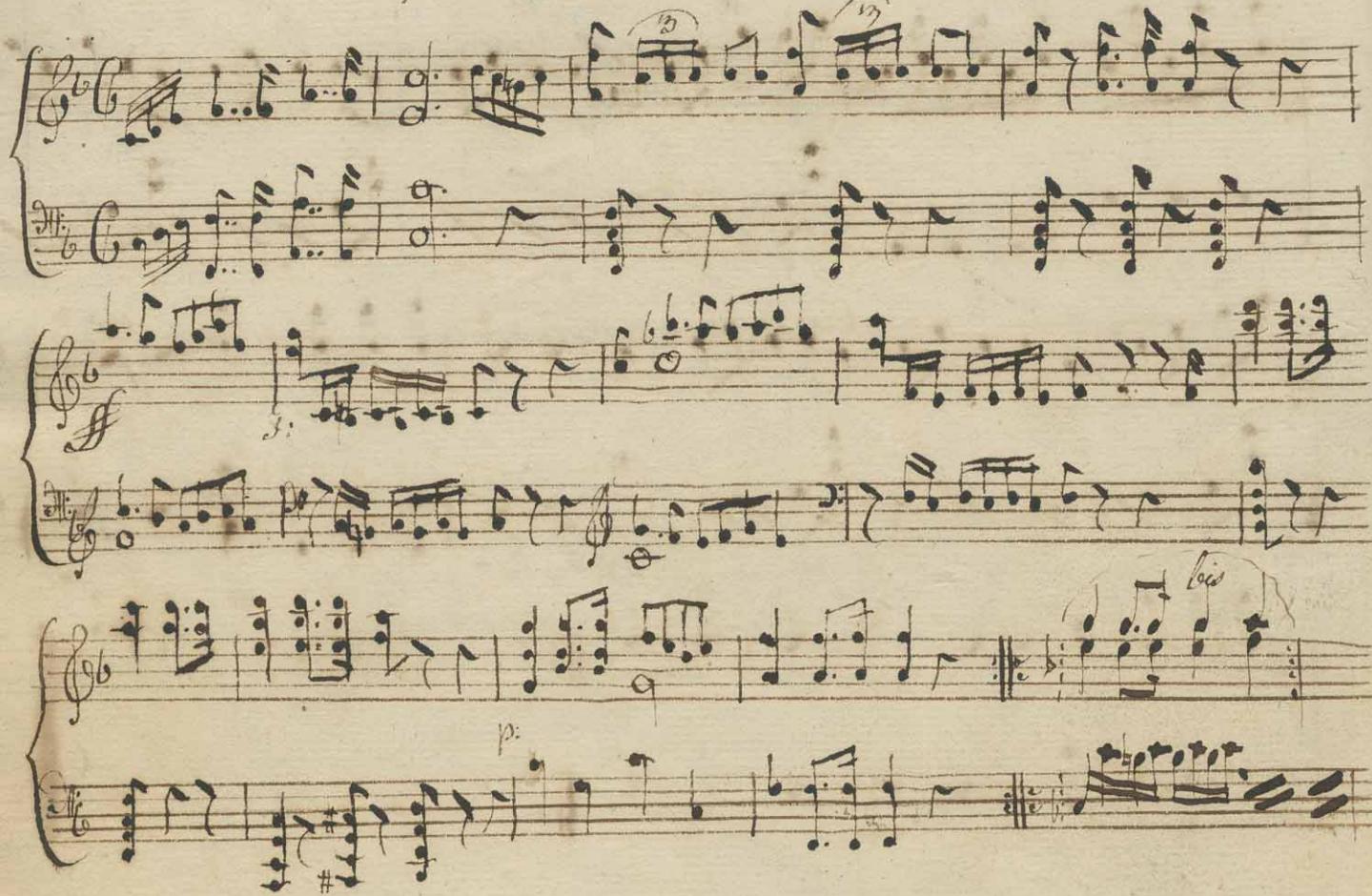


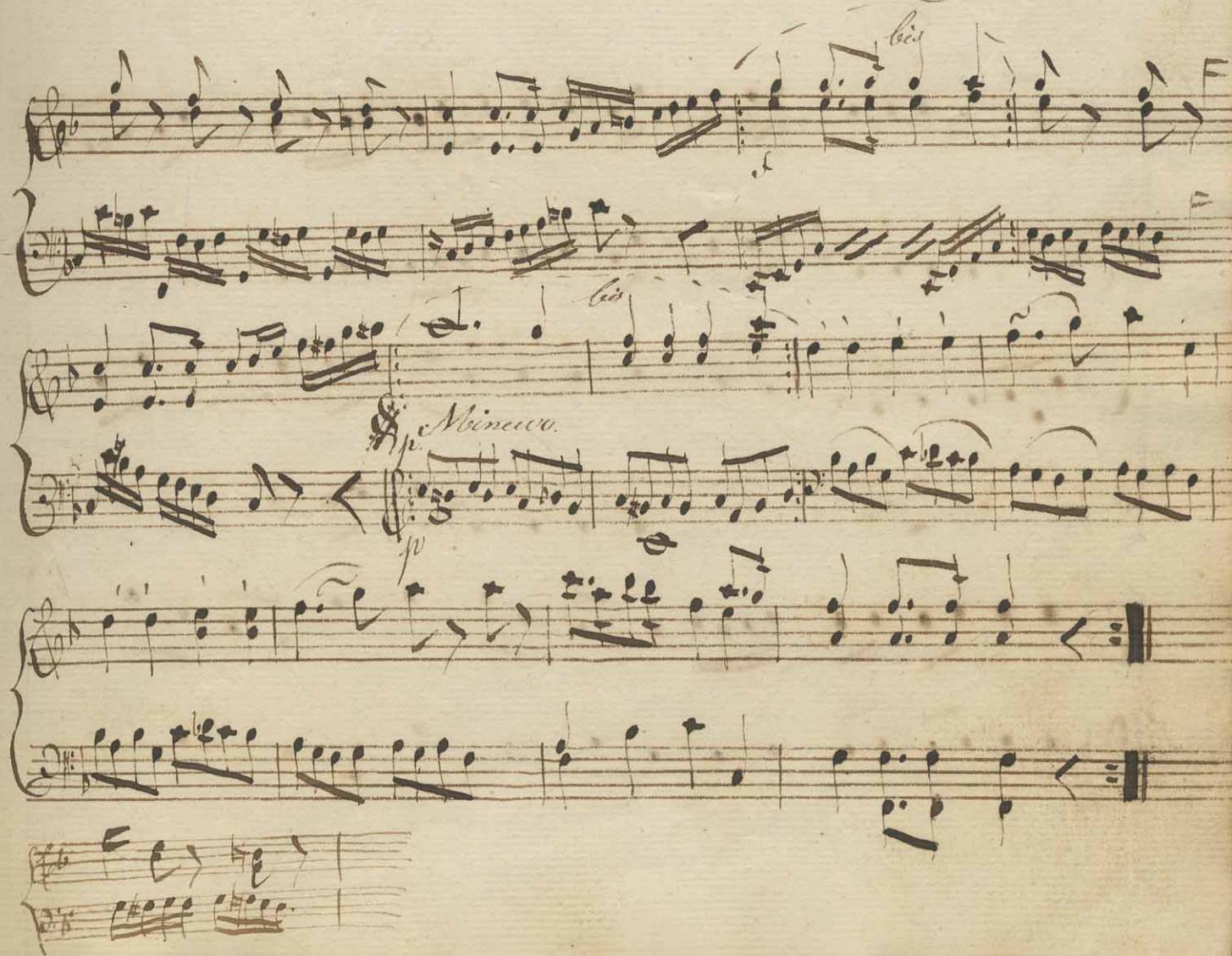
Coda





Marche af Dupuis arrangerad för Klaver af Kull.





Orphe' af Glück.

dira

The image shows a page from an old handwritten musical manuscript. At the top, the title "Orphe' af Glück." is written in cursive script. Below the title, there are four staves of music. The first three staves are soprano voices, and the fourth staff is a basso continuo (basso). The music is written in common time with various note heads and stems. Handwritten lyrics in Swedish are written below the notes. The lyrics read: "Hvart går jag utan min - Maka? hvart går", "jag utan min vä - n. hvart går ja-q? hvad gör". The paper is aged and yellowed, with some foxing and staining.

A handwritten musical score for four voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and piano. The music is written on four staves. The top staff (Soprano) has lyrics in Swedish: "jag? hvarl gär jag u- tan min vän? hvarl gär jag utan". The second staff (Alto) has lyrics: "min vän? Evri dice! Evri dice uk:hör. uk!". The third staff (Tenor) has lyrics: "uk:hör". The bottom staff (Bass) has lyrics: "ah sva- ra svara mig din vän ett ord". The piano part is on the far left, indicated by a treble clef and a bass clef. The music consists of various note heads and stems, with some rests and fermatas.

Svara mig din vän ett ord din vän ett ord Hvar tår jag utan

min maka? hvar tår jag utan min vän hvar tår jag? hvad gör

jag? hvar tår jag utan min vän? hvad gör jag utan min

ván? Evri-dice! Evri-di-ce! Auk! hjelp ej blísker trost för-hoppning

Hvarken himmel- eller död hvart går jag utan min maka? hvart går

jag utan min va-ri? hvart går jag? hvad gör jag? hvart går

U. S.

A page from a handwritten music manuscript featuring three staves of musical notation. The notation consists of vertical stems and small horizontal strokes indicating pitch and rhythm. The lyrics, written in a cursive hand below the notes, are in Swedish. The first staff begins with the lyrics "jag u- tan min vän?". The second staff continues with "jag u- tan min vän?". The third staff ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

jag u- tan min vän? hvarför går jag? hvad gör jag? hvarför går
jag u- tan min vän?

Andante con Spirito

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The top system starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. The lyrics are in Swedish: "Van al med förtjus- k'sadt o- ra Frankha' stekter- ga lar". The piano part consists of a bass line and harmonic chords. The bottom system continues with the same key signature and time signature. The lyrics are: "hö- ra, Clara lyf- na dock en gång till den". The piano part includes a dynamic marking "v.s." at the end of the measure.



Larghetto af Mozart

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The score consists of five staves. The top staff is for the piano, featuring a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (G major), and a common time signature. The vocal line begins on the second staff with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The third staff continues the vocal line with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The fourth staff shows a piano accompaniment with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The fifth staff continues the piano accompaniment with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The vocal line concludes with the lyrics "Jörgåte ej mig när nöjet är na sköte mot Digrår fräkt och jak".

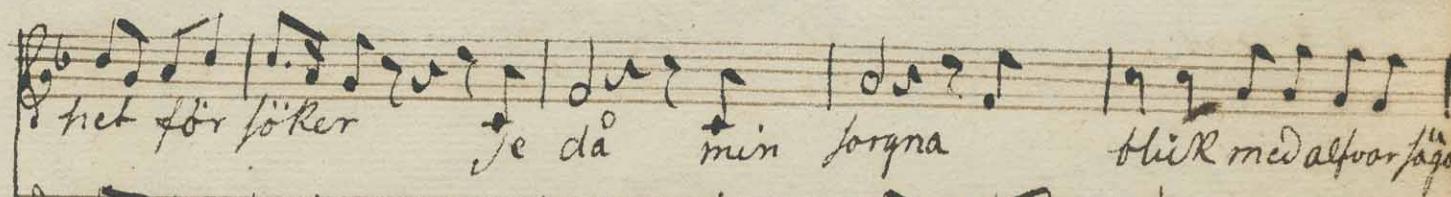
För gät ej
Jörgåte ej
mig när nöjet är na sköte mot Digrår fräkt och jak

nae mig förtär förgåtej mig när gra-leq iördig möte oan



tiftel sår den väg hvan Engångblom är oan då när glächins





A handwritten musical score on aged paper. The top staff is for a soprano voice, indicated by a treble clef and a 'G' key signature. The lyrics 'Sig För gät ej mig För höt ej mig' are written below the notes. The middle staff is for an alto voice, indicated by an alto clef. The bottom staff is for a bass voice, indicated by a bass clef. The piano accompaniment is shown at the bottom, with a treble clef and a 'C' key signature. The music consists of six measures, ending with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Sig För gät ej mig För höt ej mig

232 Hih o jepu Samloms ry



Sarabande a Romance utur Nina af Dalegras

The musical score consists of three staves, each with a different vocal range: Soprano (top), Alto (middle), and Bass (bottom). The music is in common time (indicated by 'C'). The key signature changes between G major (two sharps), F major (one sharp), and D major (no sharps or flats). The lyrics are written in Swedish and are placed directly below their corresponding musical lines.

Top staff (Soprano):

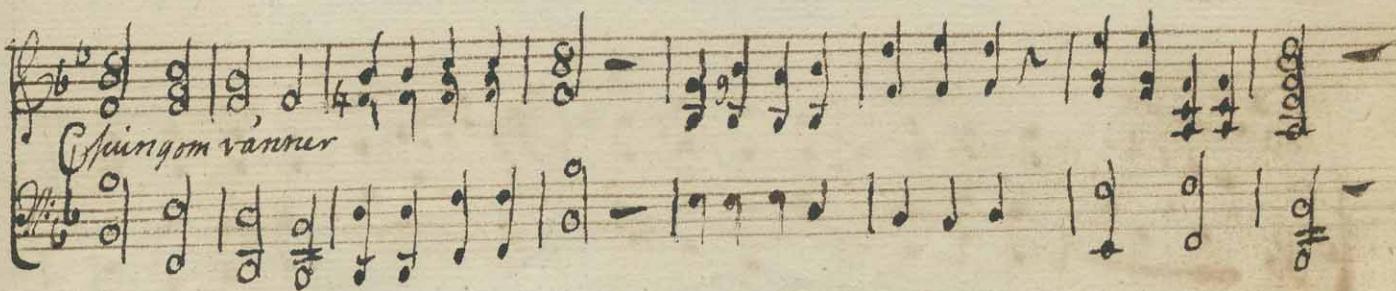
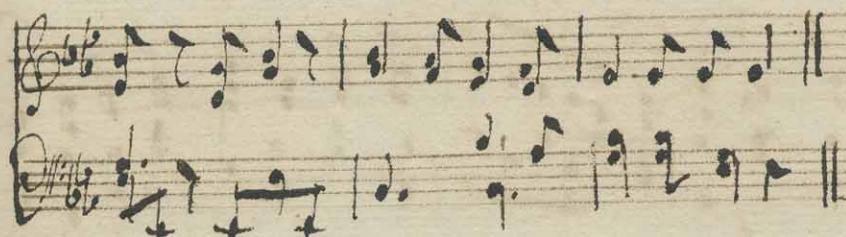
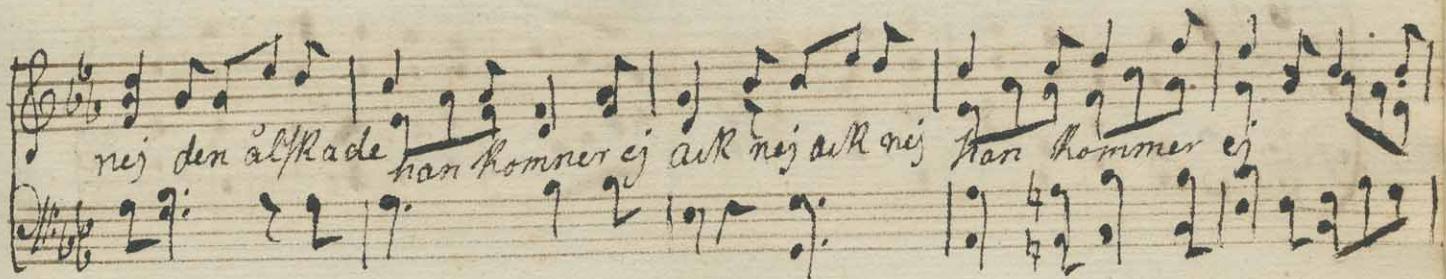
f: nären iyleking åter- syno hos en jukande älka

Middle staff (Alto):

rinna vårens liflig-het be-qyns och blomthen ifägring virna

Bottom staff (Bass):

gnen fö fö läng väntan ack fö fö läng - väntan ack nej ack



Fips är mitt sif och halva:

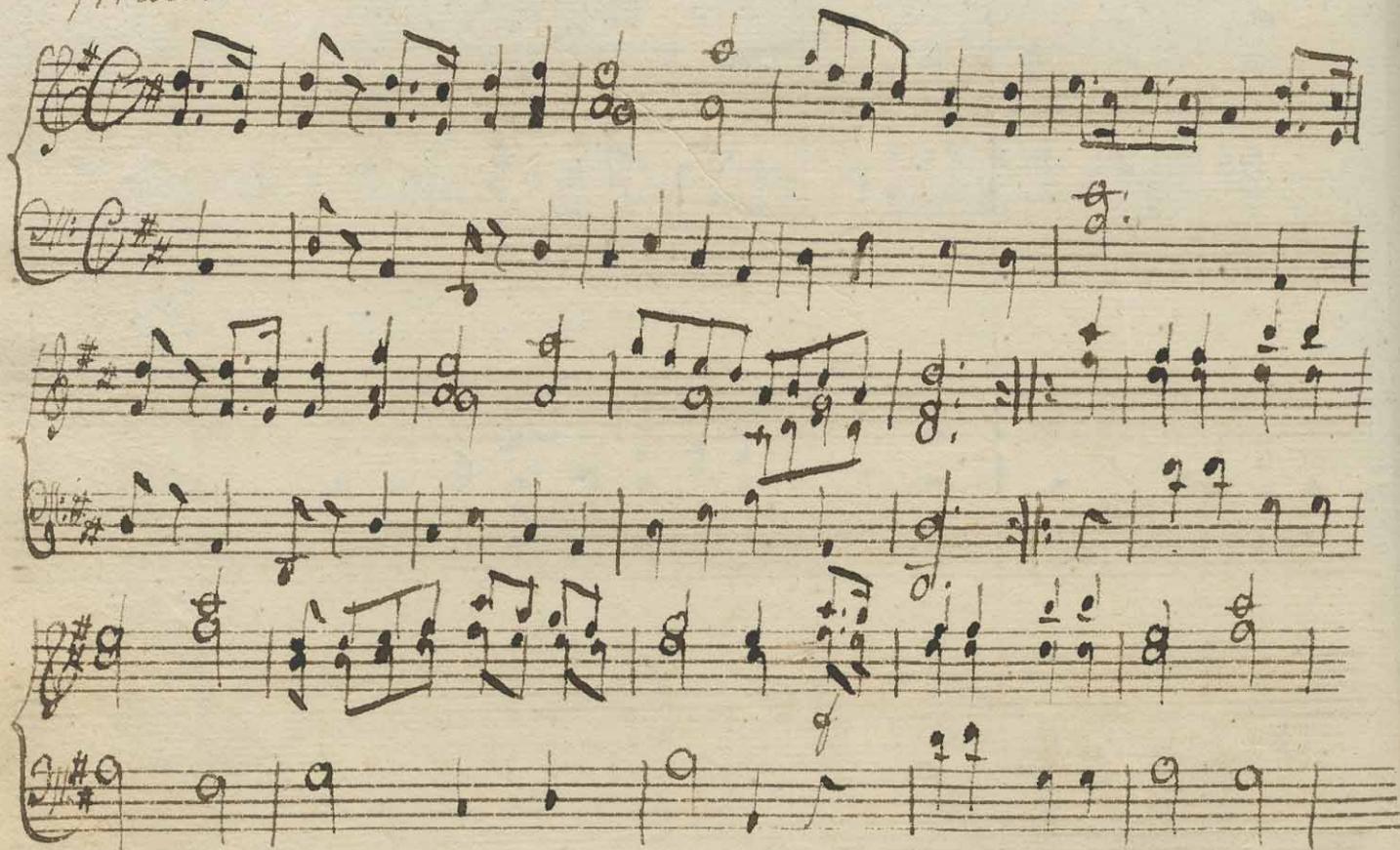
A page from a handwritten musical manuscript, showing two staves of music. The top staff is in common time (indicated by 'C') and G major (indicated by a 'G' with a circle). The bottom staff is also in common time and G major. The music consists of various note heads and stems, with some notes having vertical lines extending downwards.

A page from a handwritten musical manuscript. The top staff uses a treble clef and a common time signature, featuring a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a common time signature, showing harmonic support with quarter and eighth notes. Measures 11 and 12 are shown, separated by a vertical bar line.

A page from a handwritten musical score featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and a common time signature, with a key signature of one sharp. It contains six measures of music, ending with a repeat sign and a double bar line. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a common time signature, with a key signature of one sharp. It also contains six measures of music, ending with a repeat sign and a double bar line.

Marche

Maestoso









Three staves of handwritten musical notation in G major, 2/4 time. The notation consists of vertical stems and dots, typical of early printed music notation. The lyrics are written below each staff.

Staff 1 (Top):

Trätoren somerans holl maring det på en anständig litog
at

Staff 2 (Middle):

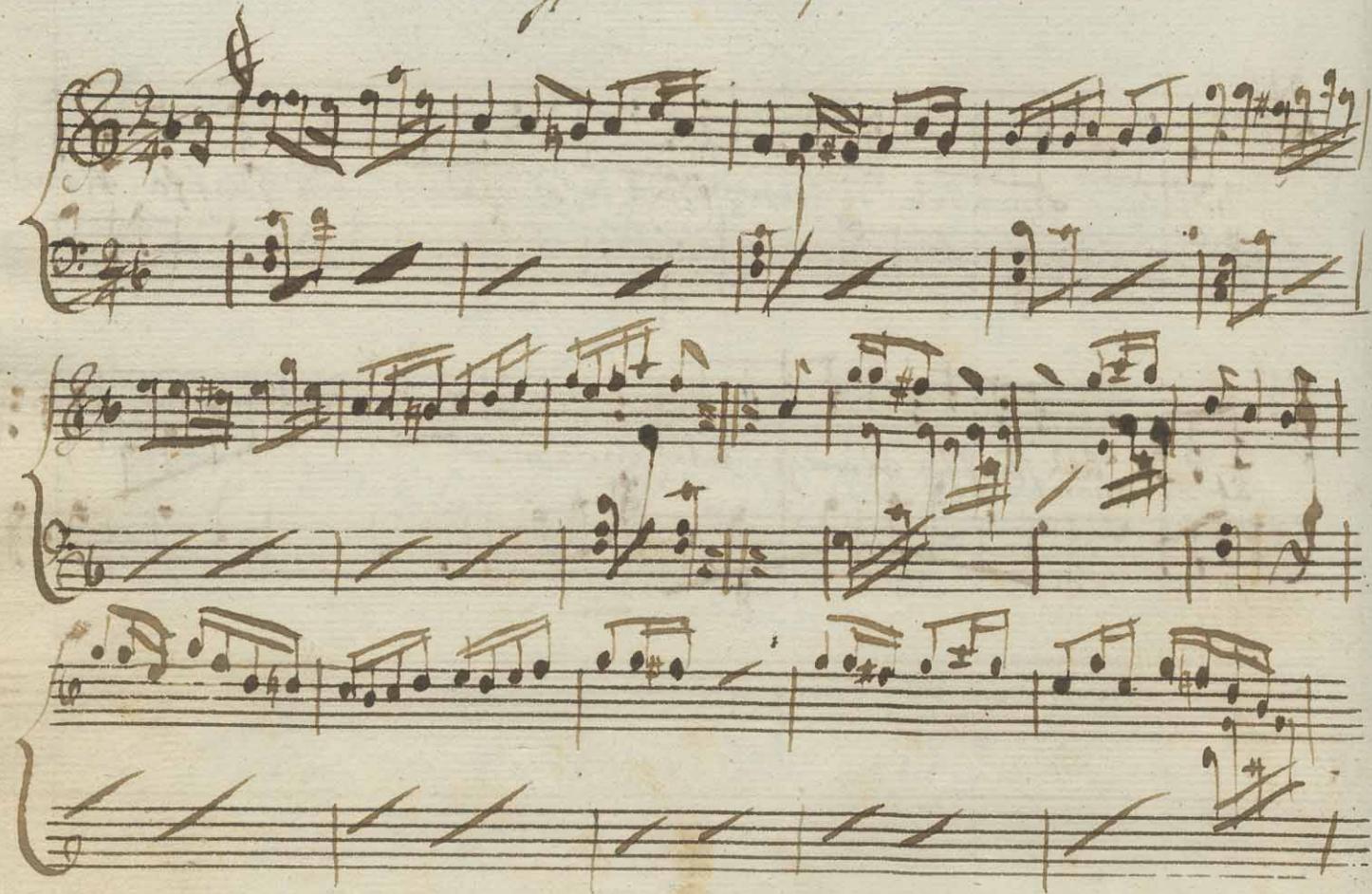
May ja folko och grif för tärning higen val ker flick Ra tog

Staff 3 (Bottom):

han var fört den go da värden och till sin hustra sade han var

A handwritten musical score on aged paper. The top system features a soprano vocal line in G major with lyrics in Swedish: "höftlig omohjula verlien emot hela världen och Roffa Kunder". The basso continuo part is written below it. The bottom system shows a soprano vocal line continuing from the previous system, with lyrics: "et sinnan Roffa Kunder et sinnan". The basso continuo part is also present here. The score concludes with a series of blank five-line staves.

L'opéra trompée Quadrille





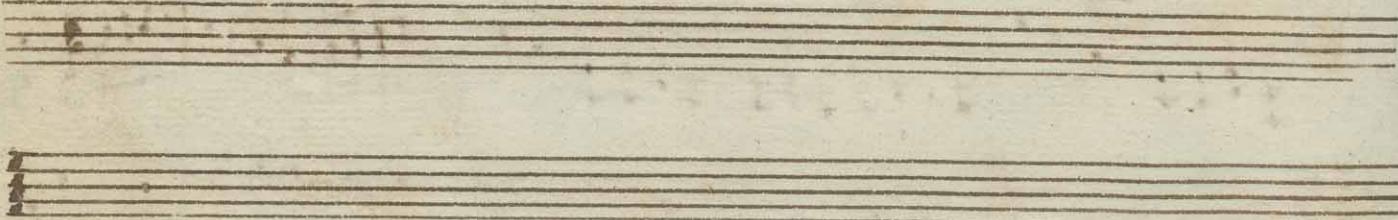




Andante ur Gustaf Adolph







86 नैनमन्त्रिनैनैनैनैनैनैनैनैनैनैनैनैनैनैनैनैनै

८७ नै

८८ नै

८९ नै

९० नै

A handwritten musical score on four staves. The top staff is for a soprano voice, the second for an alto or tenor, the third for a basso continuo (basso), and the bottom staff is for the piano. The music consists of six measures. The lyrics are written below the notes in French. The first measure contains the text "je t'en ai - mer es ma chere Ze - li". The second measure contains "faît pour tou -". The third measure contains "jour le charme de mon Cœur et des or mais tout me". The fourth measure contains "l'". The fifth measure contains "g". The sixth measure contains "g". The music is in common time, with various key signatures (F major, C major, G major) indicated by the letters F, C, and G above the staff.

je t'en ai - mer es ma chere Ze - li — fait pour tou -

jour le charme de mon Cœur et des or mais tout me

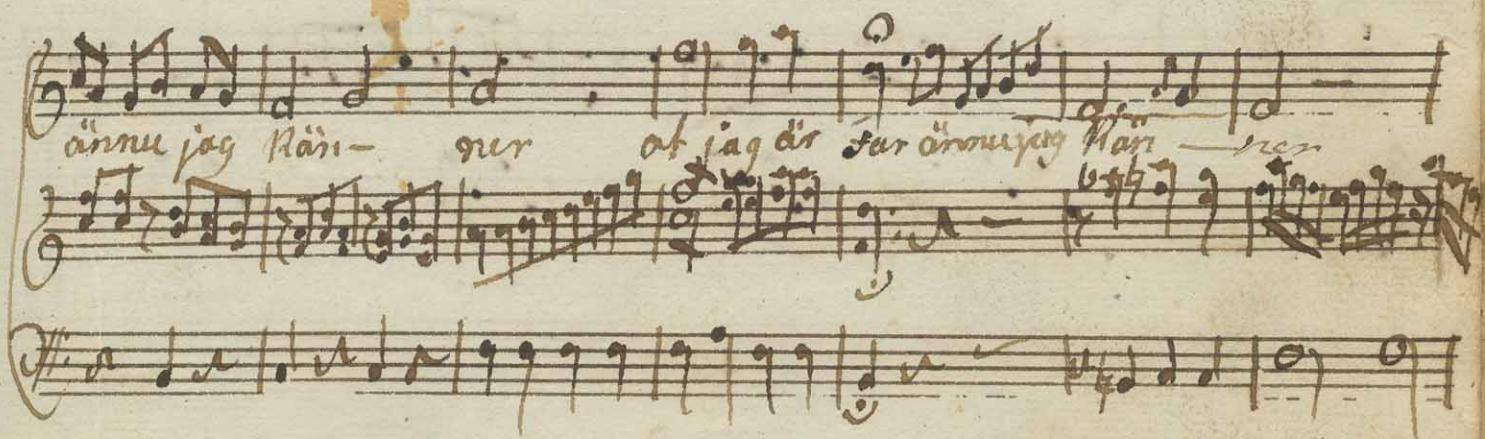
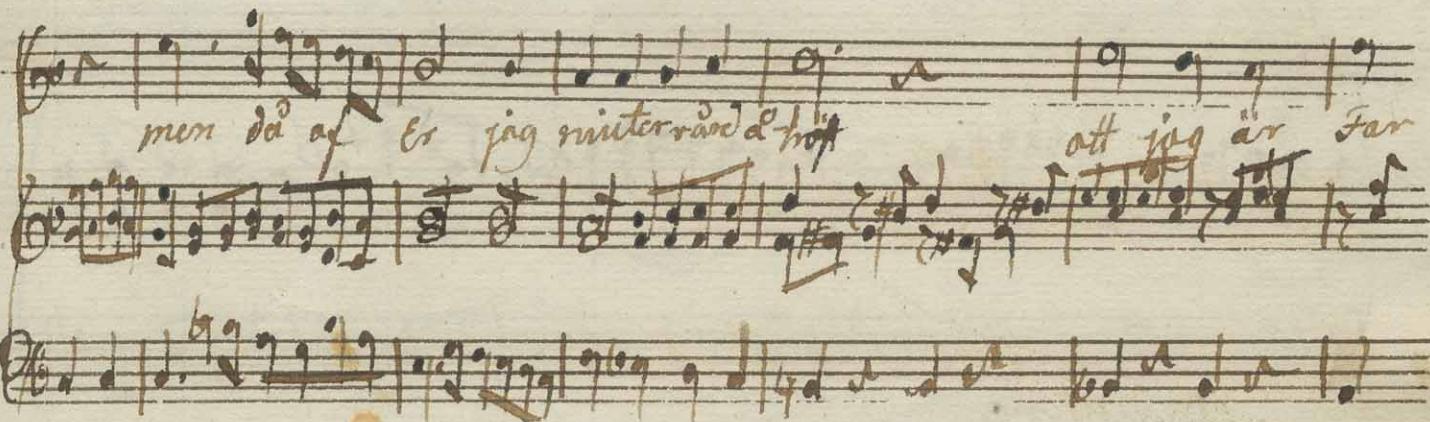
A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) and piano. The top system shows the vocal parts and piano accompaniment in common time. The lyrics are in French: "tache à la vie si mon a mourut - uit a tien". The middle system shows the piano part in common time. The bottom system shows three staves for the voices, each starting with a clef and a 'C' (common time). The first staff has a soprano clef, the second an alto clef, and the third a tenor clef.

Three staves for voices, each starting with a clef and a 'C' (common time). The first staff has a soprano clef, the second an alto clef, and the third a tenor clef. The lyrics are: "bonheur" above the first staff, "et" above the second staff, and "qui" above the third staff.

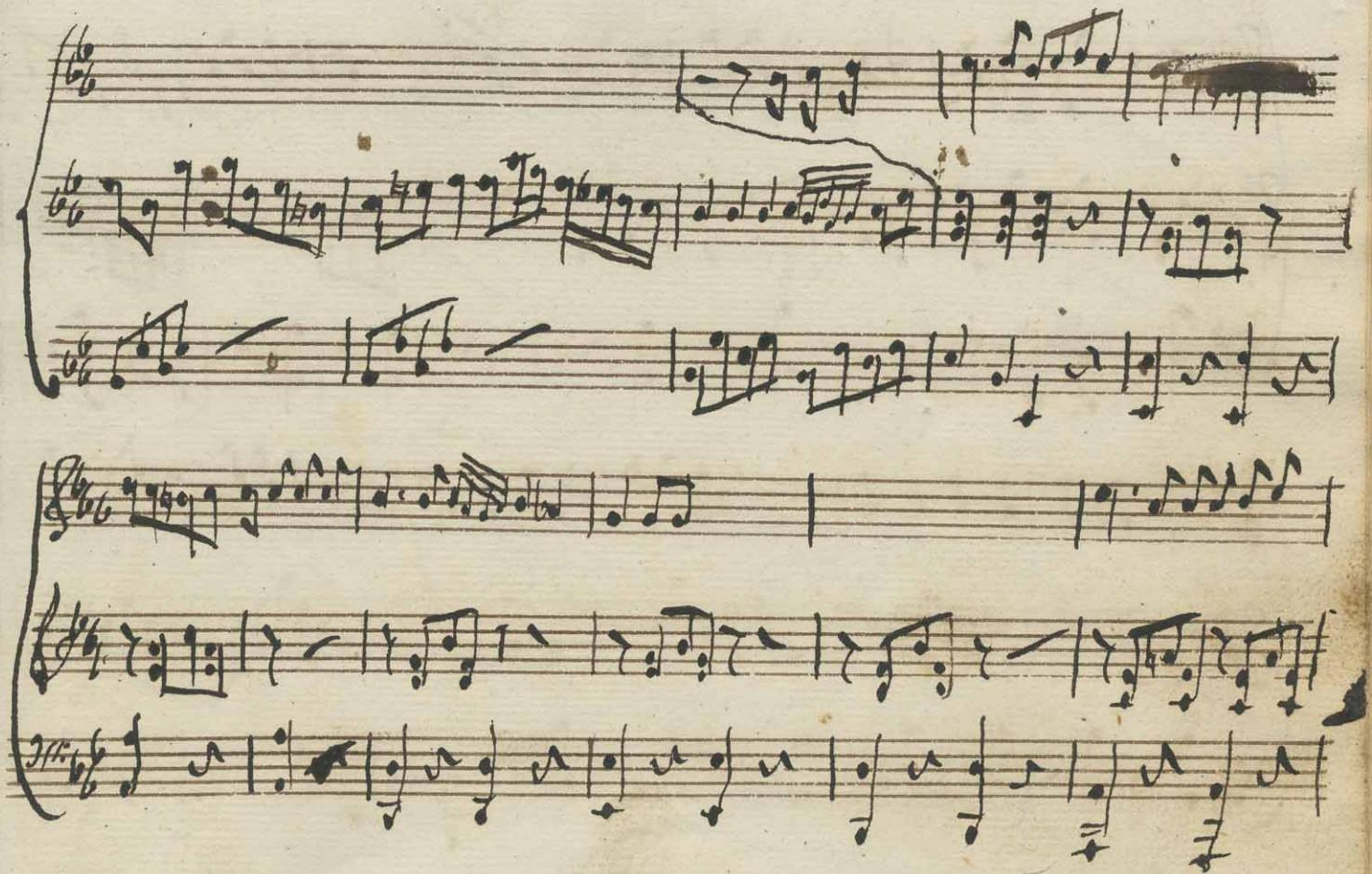
Air utur Gubben i Bergs bygden

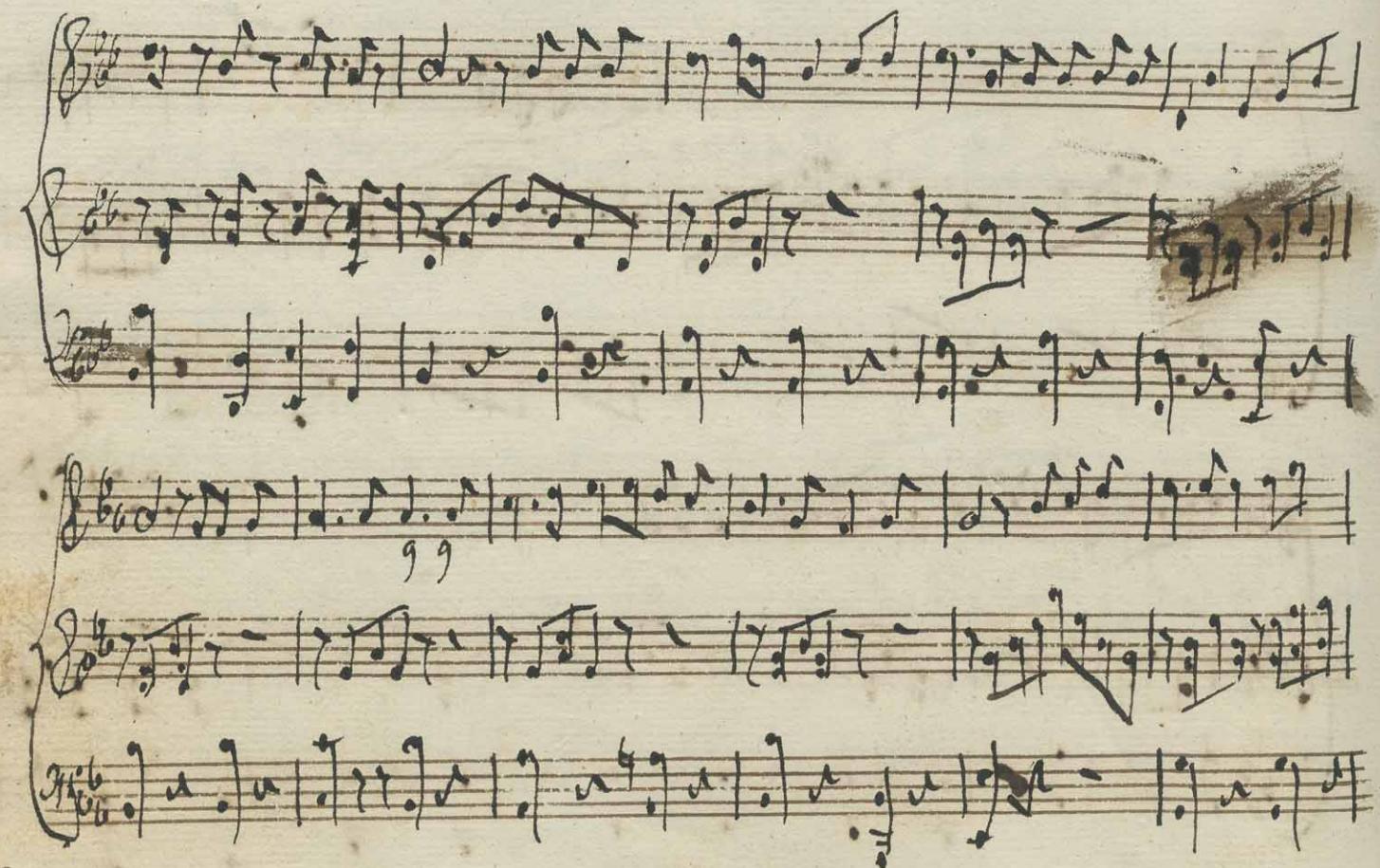
The image shows a handwritten musical score on four staves. The top staff is for soprano (S), the second for alto (A), the third for tenor (T), and the bottom for basso continuo (Bc). The music is in common time. The vocal parts consist of short note values (eighth and sixteenth notes) with various rests. The basso continuo part includes a bass line with eighth-note chords indicated by Roman numerals I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, and VIII, followed by a bassoon part with sixteenth-note patterns. The lyrics are written in Swedish, appearing in two sections. The first section starts with "Grafen har gjort den" and continues with "Götska land värnen". The second section starts with "Götska land värnen" and continues with "Grafen har rykt mina barn kan mitt brott". The handwriting is cursive, with some ink bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.

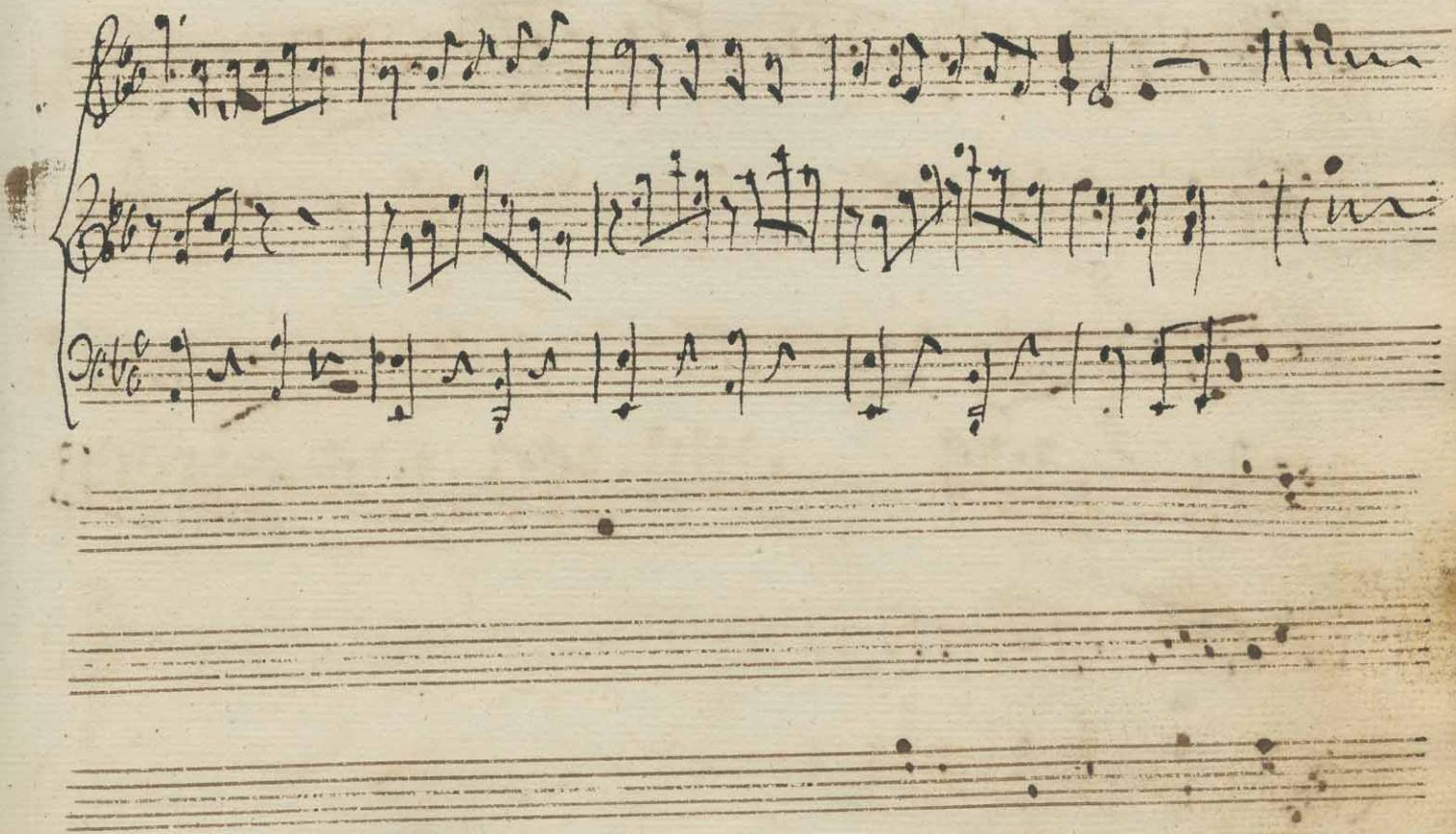
Grafen har gjort den
Götska land värnen Grafen har rykt mina barn kan mitt brott



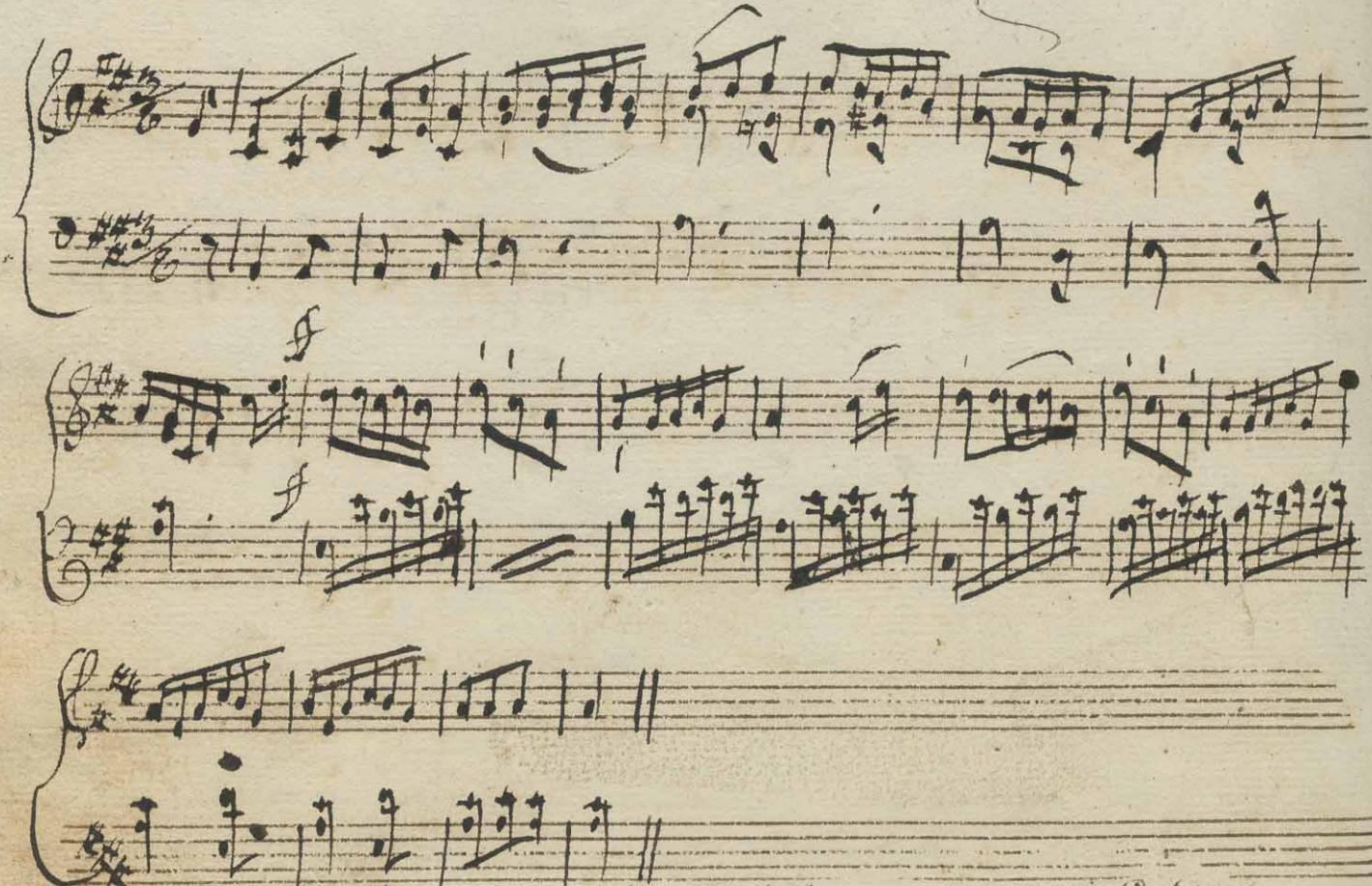




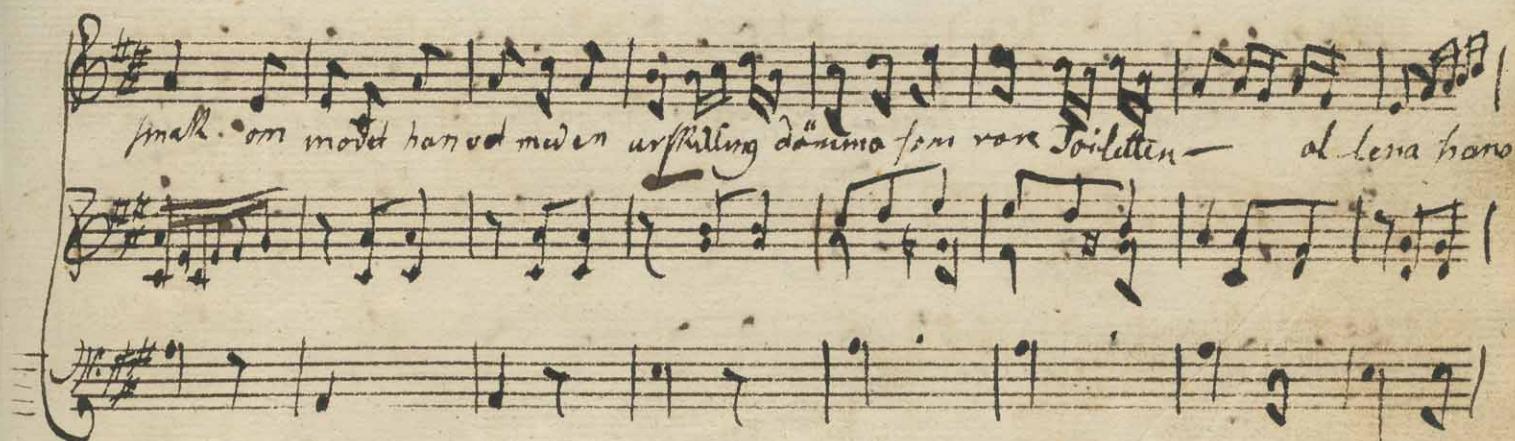




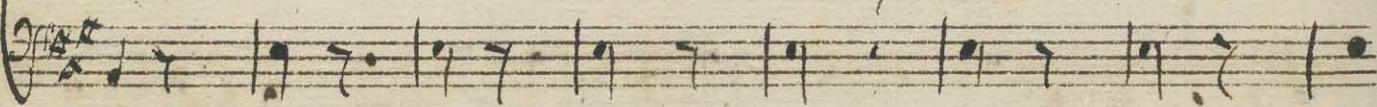
Wals utur den Onofrinska Bluffrand



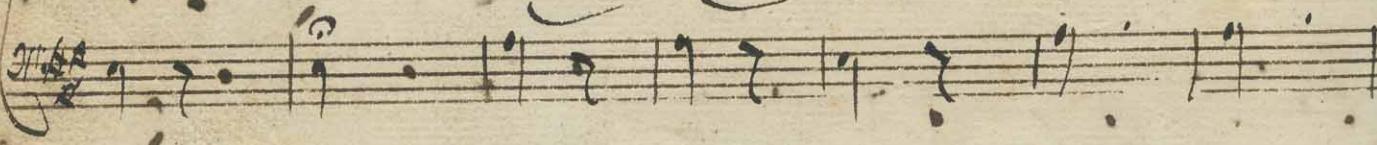
et fallande ögonhåll fär jag han hända men om jag få förmän-
ginge skan bli men han jag med möjlighet och prägt
hanom hända förlåts nog en äfverdrift et fälleri



Jur - min väldomad of - ta väl räkt han's lye mun den har hem - lig



dok ejort han's höje der förlag hoppas han nu blia de torrma min blandt min

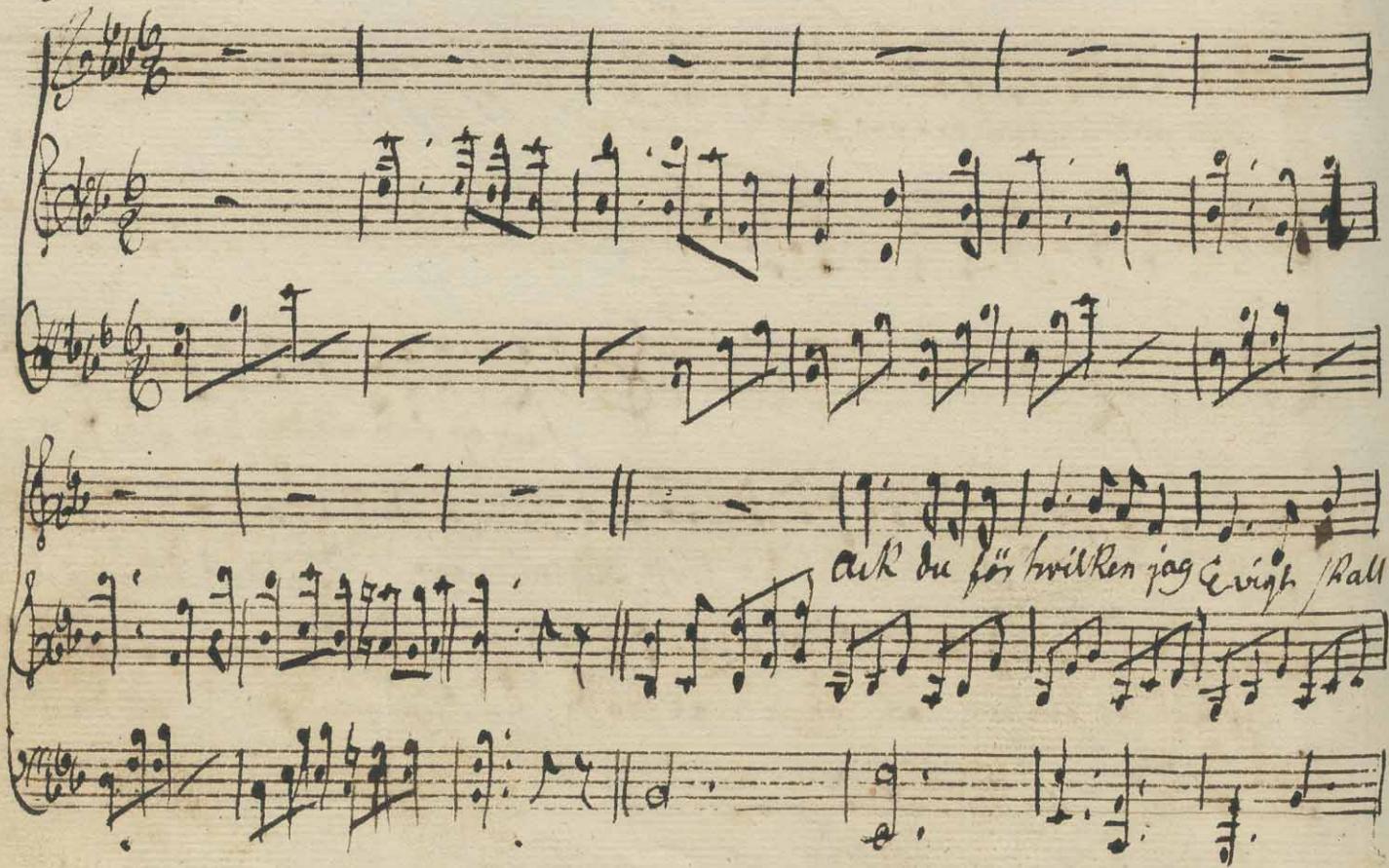


A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, and Bass) on five staves. The music consists of mostly eighth-note patterns with some sixteenth-note figures. The lyrics are written below the notes in a cursive hand.

The lyrics are:

Tyll och min hatt och min mark
hur är den villa som Räcke ken
Euf
Mänker ut i alla händelser troft den mig ger
Gäktast från varden
Lifligt jag tänker at jag den älma de här hos mig ser
att jag den
älma de här hos mig ser

Coupletter utur Operetten entriegen i fönstren
Andantino



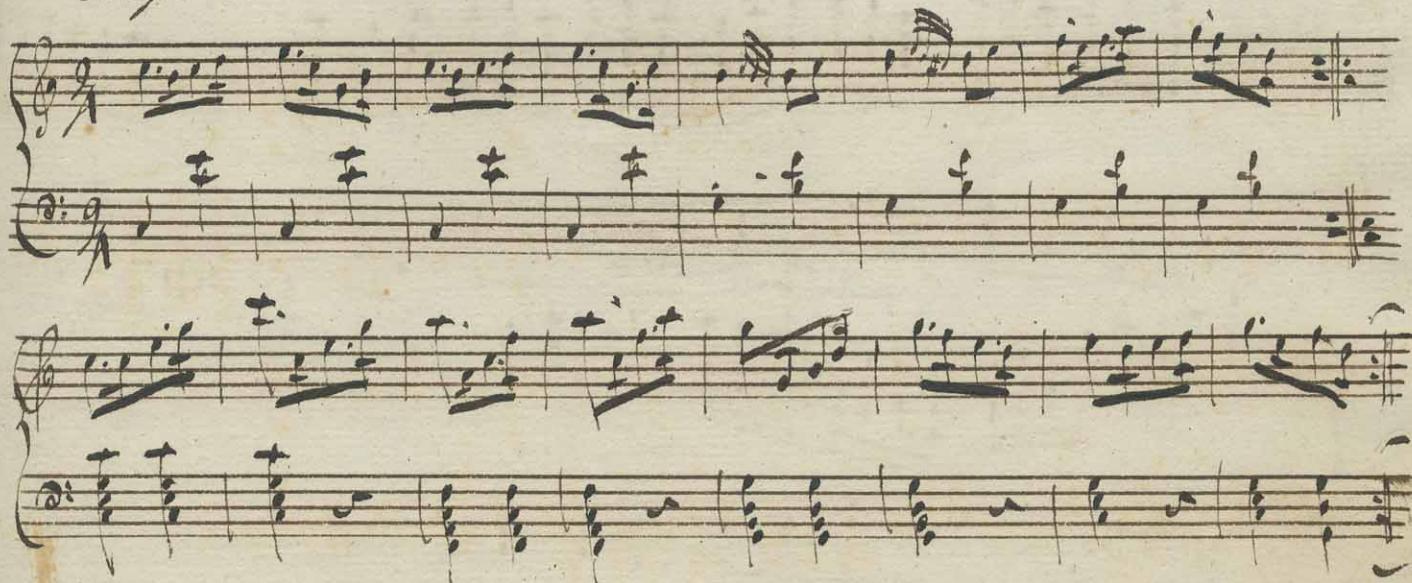
Gömma vet at min tro ej från dig kan bli skild, nu var man be-

folt nuq din laga att glämma, dug nur - uti hörnet jag finner din

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The vocal part is in soprano C-clef, common time, with lyrics in Swedish. The piano part consists of two staves: one for the right hand and one for the left hand. The music includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. The lyrics are written above the vocal line.

bildt du mer i mörkret jag finner din röd

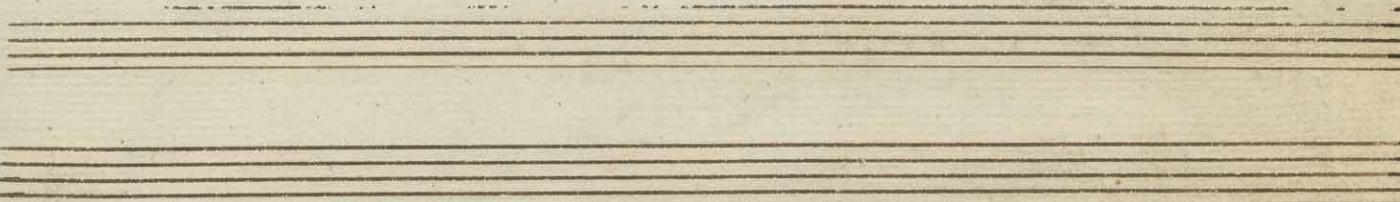
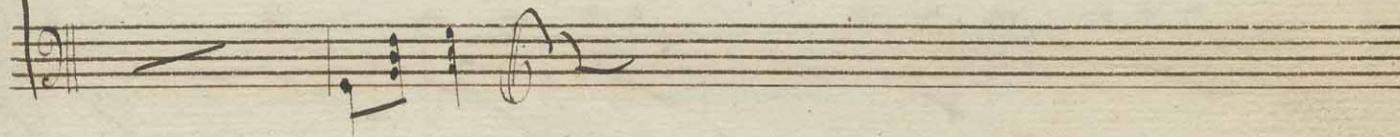
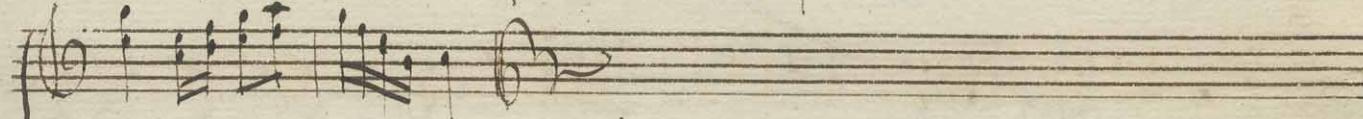
Angloise



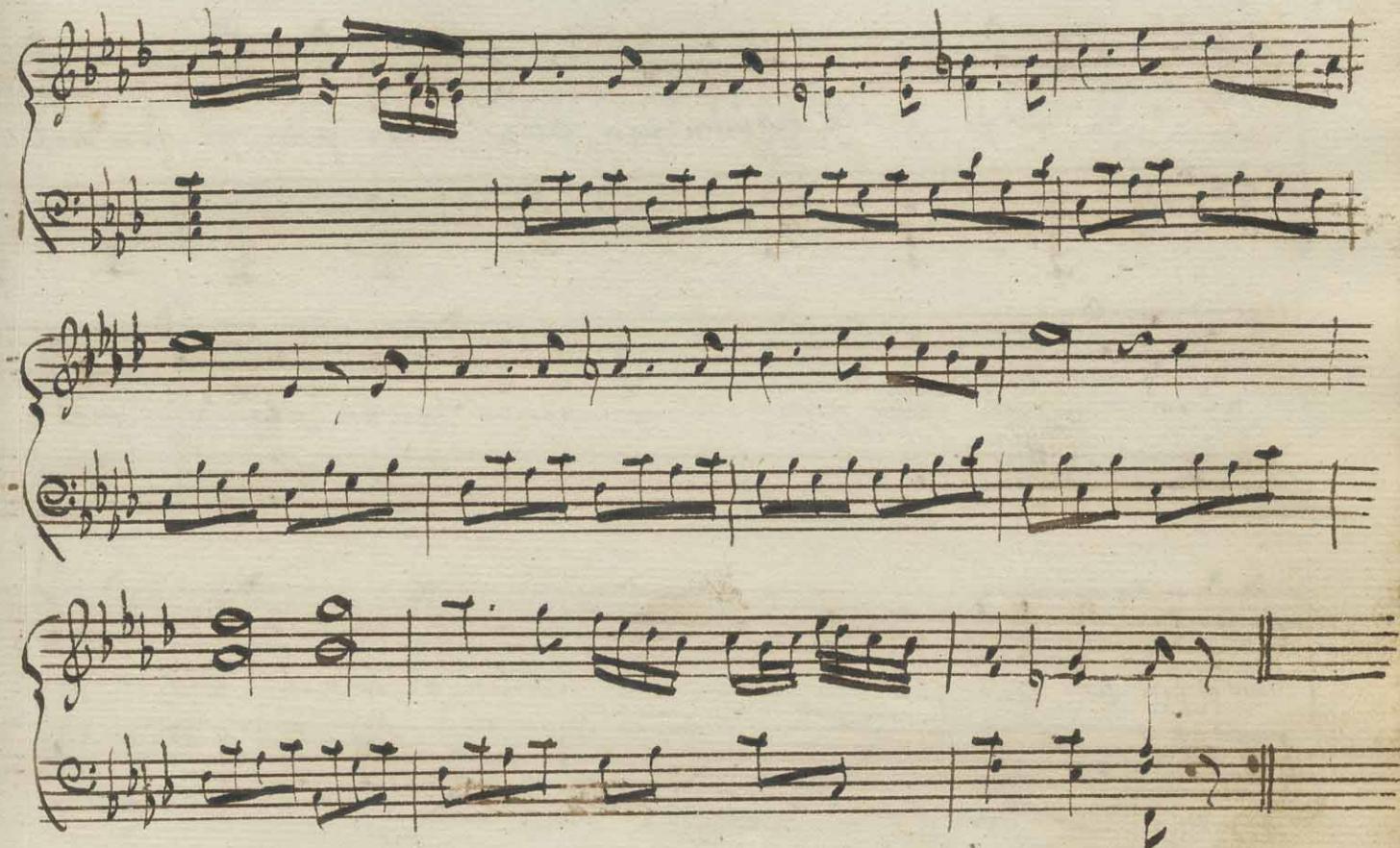
Seo-Saiffel.



Eroffnet



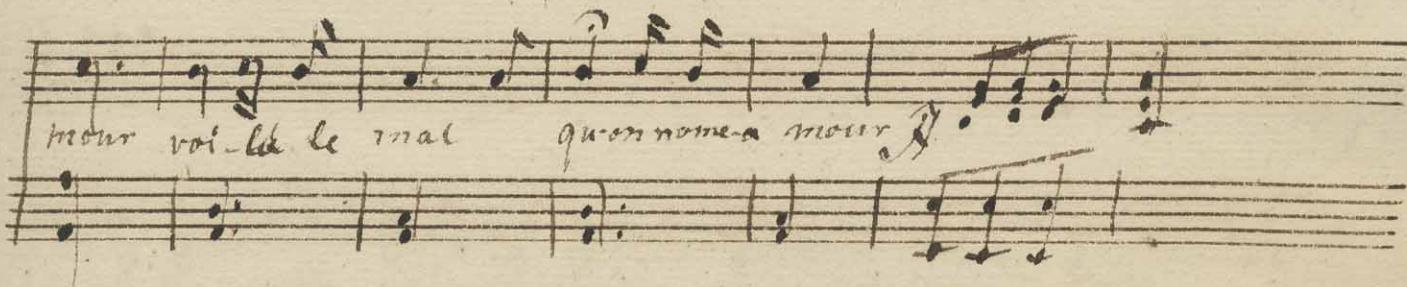
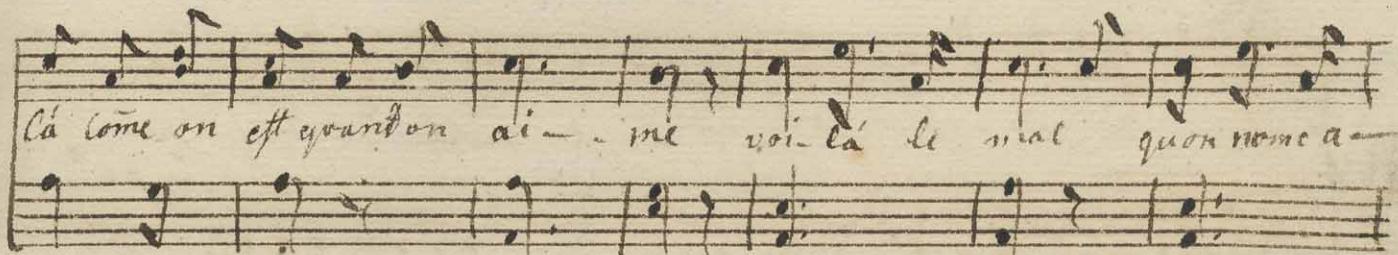




Andante

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is for the voice, starting with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. The lyrics begin with "N'avoir ja-mais qu'une pen-sé et n'e-prova-voir que l'entiment". The middle staff is for the piano, featuring a bass clef and common time. The bottom staff is another piano part, also in common time. The music concludes with a final piano section.

N'avoir ja-mais qu'une pen-sé et n'e-prova-voir que l'entiment
a voir ton joun l'âme oppris de-e par un cha-quin rélein da-que ment
voir et sen tir tou-jour-de mî-me matin et soir et nuit et jour voi



S'espérer avec tristesse de revoir avec douce ironie
Et vouloir être au lendemain Trembler en se prenant la main

Pleurer vite, espérer et craindre
Souffrir et jouir tous à tour
Si fait un mal fait il s'en plaindre
C'est le doux qu'on nomme l'Amour

A handwritten musical score for three voices, featuring three staves of music with corresponding lyrics in French. The music is written in common time, with various note heads and stems. The lyrics are as follows:

Si suis modeste et peu mise le monde ne voit fort peu
Car je suis toujours à si de davan petit bwindu peu celle

A handwritten musical score for three voices. The top staff is for the soprano voice, the middle staff for the alto voice, and the bottom staff for the basso continuo. The music consists of six measures. The soprano and alto parts begin with eighth-note patterns, while the basso continuo part features sustained notes with grace notes. The lyrics are written below the staves:

place n'est pas belle mais pour moi tout parait bon; voilà pourquoi ton
m'a

appelle la petite leendrillon la petite leendrillon -

Allegretto von Claudio

The image shows a handwritten musical score for 'Allegretto von Claudio'. The score consists of four staves of music, each with a different key signature and time signature. The first staff starts with a key signature of one sharp and a time signature of 2/4. The second staff starts with a key signature of two sharps and a time signature of 2/4. The third staff starts with a key signature of three sharps and a time signature of 2/4. The fourth staff starts with a key signature of one sharp and a time signature of 2/4. The lyrics are written in Swedish and are as follows:

hvor Robert är glad och religiösen hygglig Gospé ö - Guvernanten var förtödly kannas jungfru
nation Rör Nu min åldring lönst detta sedan Claude ristat sig Claude är dessad aldrig
har

A handwritten musical score for three voices, likely for soprano, alto, and bass. The music is written on five staves, each with a key signature of one sharp (G major). The vocal parts are written in common time. The lyrics are in Swedish, with some words underlined. The first staff contains lyrics: "alla alla länder är altskäd utaf alla; alla alla glömma mig alla alla glömma mig" followed by a repeat sign and "gåg börjat". The second staff begins with a treble clef. The third staff begins with a bass clef. The fourth staff begins with a soprano clef. The fifth staff begins with an alto clef. There are several fermatas and a dynamic marking "bis" above a section of the music.

Papageno.

A handwritten musical score for Papageno's aria. The top staff is for the voice, starting with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. The lyrics are written below the notes: "Jag heter Papageno jeg' är minster lustig hvarje dagj. Och Jag el kunde jag den Inna få, hvar i sona vackra flickon ga; jeg skulle". The bottom staff is for the piano, showing a bass clef and common time. The score is written on four staves.

A handwritten musical score for Papageno's aria. The top staff is for the voice, starting with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. The lyrics are written below the notes: "Sängarn utmärkt är bland både ung och gammal här. Sänga du sitt tal och gora snart ett lyckligt val." The bottom staff is for the piano, showing a bass clef and common time. The score is written on four staves. There is a small note on the right side of the page that reads "(Jag) Den".



Aria ur Trollflöjten af Mozart.

Larghetto.

Fö dessa fridens bygden - här häinder frästa
Jordens arbetares murar hat vrede, kann upp

Gärj af hertlek hopp och dygder den sva - ge Sigr - ka gärj:
Ego har försat lu - van, blott dygden ra - der har



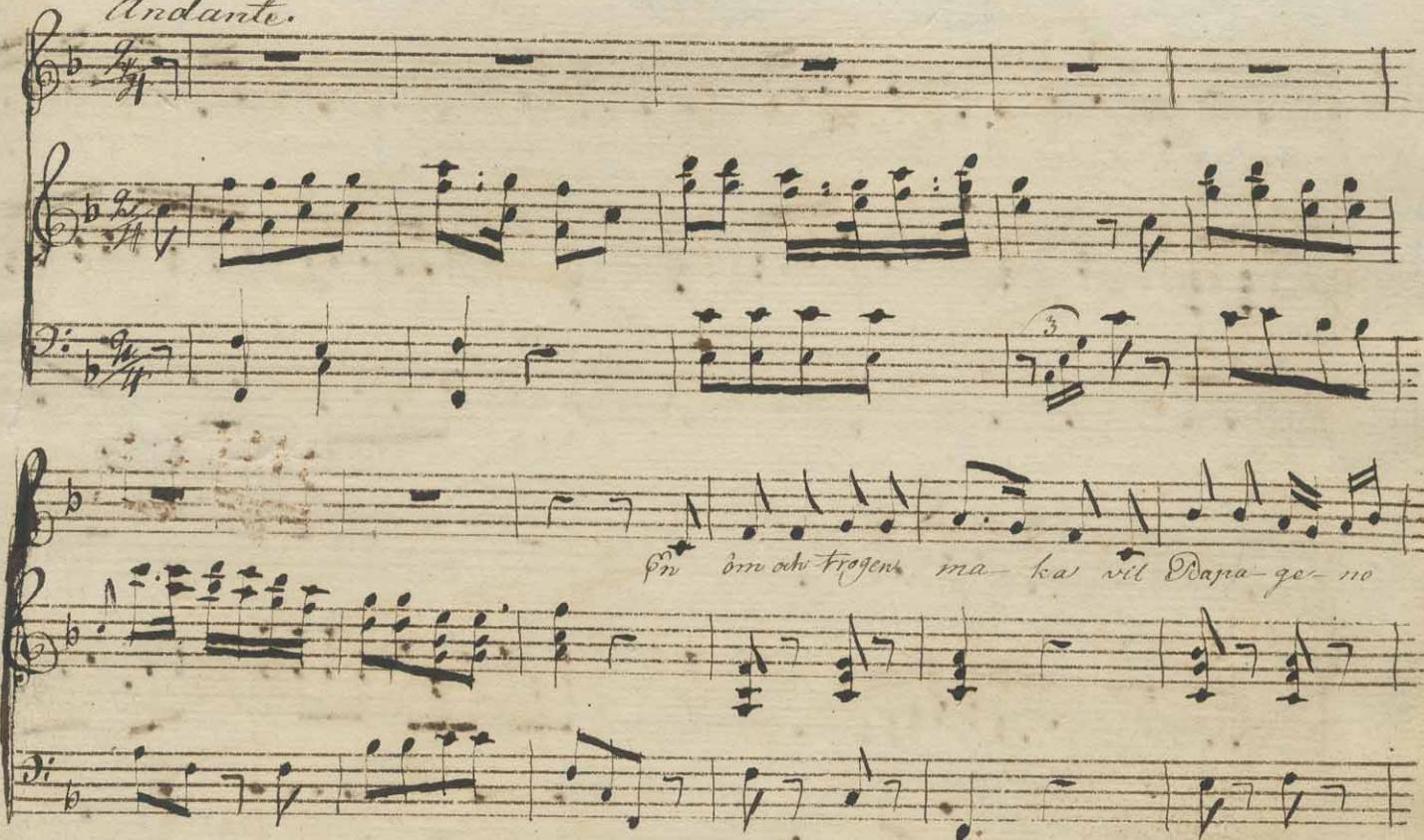
A handwritten musical score for two voices and piano. The music is written on four staves. The top two staves represent the vocal parts, while the bottom two staves represent the piano. The vocal parts are in common time, while the piano parts are in 2/4 time. The music consists of mostly eighth-note patterns. The lyrics are written in Swedish and are as follows:

land,
är han vändar med deras hand
den här ett hufvult häxsta där
med bräggshul tis ett bättre land
ef Himmelens yr ruff värdar är, det

bittre öf bat - re u land:
gnest ef var - dig ar.

Aria uretrallflösten af Mozart.

Andante.



A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The top system consists of two staves: a soprano staff in G major and a basso continuo staff in C major. The vocal line begins with a melodic line of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are written below the notes: "ha! Hvaad frojd jag skulle smaka, den stand hon gaf mig ja! den stand hon gaf mig". The piano accompaniment features sustained chords and bass notes. The tempo changes to Allegretto for the second system, which begins with a melodic line in the soprano staff. The lyrics continue: "ja! den stand hon gaf mig ja.". The piano part includes dynamic markings like trills and sustained notes.

ha! Hvaad frojd jag skulle smaka, den stand hon gaf mig ja! den stand hon gaf mig

ja! den stand hon gaf mig ja.

Allegretto.

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The music is written on four staves. The top two staves are for the voice, and the bottom two are for the piano. The vocal parts consist of soprano and basso continuo parts. The piano part includes bass and treble clef staves with various dynamics and markings. The lyrics are written in Swedish, appearing between the vocal staves. The score is on aged paper.

Då smakte en kys mig längst botten, var vins och de läckraste rötter; då blef ingen moda mig
tuong, men jag blef så fall som en knung: men jag blef ja

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) and piano. The music is written on four staves. The top two staves are for the vocal parts, and the bottom two staves are for the piano. The vocal parts are in common time, while the piano parts are in 2/4 time. The vocal parts are in G major, and the piano parts are in C major. The lyrics are written in Swedish. The first section of lyrics is:

Såll som en kung, då blottningen möda mig tung, men

The second section of lyrics is:

jag blev så såll som en kung, men jag blev så såll som en kung, men

Andante. Till Frw Lindgren vid dess Götters död.

Dina larar lilla Clara flo^rra,
Eli har uppe icke gärna hora,
I sin fästhet sola i mamma dig,
Att en förfisk van beklagar dig.

När jag gret förlorade min Mama, Grat ej Clara o var lycklich snäll. Nu min

Mor jag fäger dig det famma, Grat ej äfver mögt jag är fall.

d. 26 April 1805.

Romance.

Mitt hjertas öma väga ej närsin släckas hän blott
tankan är en plå-ga att ålka någon ann

När jag i Lundens filter
Och foglar sang mig i rör
I Deras ömma quitter
Mitt hjertas språk jag hör

Om Du en Blomma finner
Och skänker den åt mig
Hon liksom mig nämnes
Att ej förgöta dig.